

In[1]:= Off[General::"spell"] ; Off[General::"spell1"] ;

### ■ The potential energy density from Bombaci01:

In[2]:=  $\epsilon_A = 2/3 A / n_0 \left( (1 + x_0 / 2) n^2 - (1/2 + x_0) (nn^2 + np^2) \right) / . n \rightarrow nn + np$

Out[2]= 
$$\frac{2 A \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x_0}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x_0 \right) \right)}{3 n_0}$$

In[3]:=  $Teq = \left( (1 + x_3 / 2) n^2 - (1/2 + x_3) (nn^2 + np^2) \right) n^{\sigma-1} / . n \rightarrow nn + np$

Out[3]= 
$$(nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x_3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x_3 \right) \right)$$

In[4]:=  $\epsilon_B = 4 B / 3 / n_0^\sigma T / (1 + 4/3 Bp / n_0^{\sigma-1} T / n / n) / . n \rightarrow nn + np / . T \rightarrow T[nn, np]$

Out[4]= 
$$\frac{4 B n_0^{-\sigma} T[nn, np]}{3 \left( 1 + \frac{4 B p n_0^{1-\sigma} T[nn, np]}{3 (nn+np)^2} \right)}$$

In[5]:=  $\epsilon_C = 4 (Ci + 2 zi) n / 5 / n_0 \left( 2 / (2 \pi)^3 4 \pi \text{Integrate}[k^2 fn[k] g[k], \{k, 0, \infty\}] + 2 / (2 \pi)^3 4 \pi \text{Integrate}[k^2 fp[k] g[k], \{k, 0, \infty\}] \right) + 2 (Ci - 8 zi) / 5 / n_0 \left( nn \left( 2 / (2 \pi)^3 4 \pi \text{Integrate}[k^2 fn[k] g[k], \{k, 0, \infty\}] \right) + np \left( 2 / (2 \pi)^3 4 \pi \text{Integrate}[k^2 fp[k] g[k], \{k, 0, \infty\}] \right) \right) / . n \rightarrow nn + np$

Out[5]= 
$$\frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) \left( \frac{\int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk}{\pi^2} + \frac{\int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{\pi^2} \right)}{5 n_0} + \frac{2 (Ci - 8 zi) \left( \frac{nn \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk}{\pi^2} + \frac{np \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{\pi^2} \right)}{5 n_0}$$

Compute the integrals for various forms of g[k]:

BGBD and BPAL:

In[6]:= Simplify[Integrate[2 / (2 π)<sup>3</sup> 4 π k<sup>2</sup> ((1 + k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup>), {k, 0, kf}], {kf > 0, Λ > 0}]

Out[6]= 
$$\frac{\Lambda^2 (kf - \Lambda \text{ArcTan}[\frac{kf}{\Lambda}])}{\pi^2}$$

Skyrme:

In[7]:= Integrate[2 / (2 π)<sup>3</sup> 4 π k<sup>2</sup> (k<sup>2</sup>), {k, 0, kf}]

Out[7]= 
$$\frac{kf^5}{5 \pi^2}$$

SL:

In[8]:= Expand[Simplify[Integrate[2 / (2 π)<sup>3</sup> 4 π k<sup>2</sup> (1 - k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>), {k, 0, kf}], {kf > 0, Λ > 0}]]

Out[8]= 
$$\frac{kf^3}{3 \pi^2} - \frac{kf^5}{5 \pi^2 \Lambda^2}$$

### ■ The potential energy density from Das03:

I have rewritten  $\rho$  as  $n$ ,  $\rho n$  as  $nn$ , etc.

$$\text{In}[9]:= \epsilon_{2AB} = \text{Au } nn \text{ np} / n_0 + \text{A1} / 2 / n_0 (nn^2 + np^2) + \text{B} / (\sigma + 1) n^{(\sigma+1)} / n_0^\sigma (1 - x \delta^2) / . \\ \delta \rightarrow 1 - 2 np / (nn + np) / . n \rightarrow (nn + np)$$

$$\text{Out}[9]= \frac{\text{Au } nn \text{ np}}{n_0} + \frac{\text{A1} (nn^2 + np^2)}{2 n_0} + \frac{\text{B } n_0^{-\sigma} (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \left(1 - \left(1 - \frac{2 np}{nn+np}\right)^2 x\right)}{1 + \sigma}$$

$$\text{In}[10]:= \text{intg} = (2 / 8 / \pi^3)^2 4 / 3 \pi^2 \Lambda^2 \\ \left( (qf - \Lambda / 2 \text{ArcTan}[2 qf / \Lambda]) 4 (pft^3 + pftp^3) - (3 (pft^2 + pftp^2) + \Lambda^2 / 2) qf^2 + \right. \\ \left. qf^4 + (3 \Lambda^2 / 4 (pft^2 + pftp^2) + \Lambda^4 / 8 - 3 / 8 (pft^2 - pftp^2)^2) \text{Log}[1 + 4 qf^2 / \Lambda^2] \right)$$

$$\text{Out}[10]= \frac{1}{12 \pi^4} \left( \Lambda^2 \left( qf^4 - qf^2 \left( 3 (pft^2 + pftp^2) + \frac{\Lambda^2}{2} \right) + 4 (pft^3 + pftp^3) \left( qf - \frac{1}{2} \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 qf}{\Lambda}\right] \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \left( -\frac{3}{8} (pft^2 - pftp^2)^2 + \frac{3}{4} (pft^2 + pftp^2) \Lambda^2 + \frac{\Lambda^4}{8} \right) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 qf^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right)$$

$$\text{In}[11]:= \epsilon_{2C} = \text{Simplify}[C1 / n_0 (\text{intg} /. pft \rightarrow kfn /. pftp \rightarrow kfn)] + \\ \text{Simplify}[C1 / n_0 (\text{intg} /. pft \rightarrow kfp /. pftp \rightarrow kfp)] + \\ \text{Simplify}[Cu / n_0 (\text{intg} /. pft \rightarrow kfn /. pftp \rightarrow kfp)] + \\ \text{Simplify}[Cu / n_0 (\text{intg} /. pft \rightarrow kfp /. pftp \rightarrow kfn)]$$

$$\text{Out}[11]= \frac{1}{96 n_0 \pi^4} \left( C1 \Lambda^2 \left( 4 qf (16 kfn^3 - 12 kfn^2 qf + 2 qf^3 - qf \Lambda^2) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 32 kfn^3 \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 qf}{\Lambda}\right] + (12 kfn^2 \Lambda^2 + \Lambda^4) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 qf^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right) \right) + \frac{1}{96 n_0 \pi^4} \\ \left( C1 \Lambda^2 \left( 4 qf (16 kfp^3 - 12 kfp^2 qf + 2 qf^3 - qf \Lambda^2) - 32 kfp^3 \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 qf}{\Lambda}\right] + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (12 kfp^2 \Lambda^2 + \Lambda^4) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 qf^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right) \right) + \frac{1}{6 n_0 \pi^4} \\ \left( Cu \Lambda^2 \left( qf^4 - \frac{1}{2} qf^2 (6 kfn^2 + 6 kfp^2 + \Lambda^2) + 2 (kfn^3 + kfp^3) \left( 2 qf - \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2 qf}{\Lambda}\right] \right) \right) + \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{8} (-3 (kfn^2 - kfp^2)^2 + 6 (kfn^2 + kfp^2) \Lambda^2 + \Lambda^4) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 qf^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right)$$

### ■ The single particle energy is defined (loosely) by $d \epsilon / d n_i$ . Do the neutron first:

$$\text{In}[12]:= \text{en1} = \text{Simplify}[D[\epsilon A, nn]]$$

$$\text{Out}[12]= \frac{2 A (nn - nn x_0 + np (2 + x_0))}{3 n_0}$$

$$\text{In}[13]:= \text{en2} = \text{Simplify}[D[\epsilon B, nn]]$$

$$\text{Out}[13]= \frac{4 B (nn + np) (8 Bp n_0 T[nn, np]^2 + 3 n_0^\sigma (nn + np)^3 T^{(1,0)}[nn, np])}{(3 n_0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n_0 T[nn, np])^2}$$

$$\text{In}[14]:= \text{dTdnn} = \text{Simplify}[D[\text{Teq}, nn]]$$

$$\text{Out}[14]= \frac{1}{2} (nn + np)^{-2+\sigma} (-nn^2 (-1 + x_3) (1 + \sigma) + np^2 (3 - x_3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x_3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma))$$

In[15]:= **en3 = Simplify[D[εC, nn]]**

$$\text{Out[15]} = \frac{(6 C_i - 8 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_n[k] g[k] dk + 4 (C_i + 2 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_p[k] g[k] dk}{5 n_0 \pi^2}$$

Now the distribution function part:

In[16]:= **en4 = 4 (C\_i + 2 z\_i) n / 5 / n\_0 g[k] + 2 (C\_i - 8 z\_i) / 5 / n\_0 nn g[k] /. n → nn + np**

$$\text{Out[16]} = \frac{2 n n (C_i - 8 z_i) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_i + 2 z_i) g[k]}{5 n_0}$$

If C1 and C2 are both non-zero, then:

In[17]:= **en4both = (en4 /. C\_i → C1 /. z\_i → z1) + (en4 /. C\_i → C2 /. z\_i → z2 /. g[k] → g2[k])**

$$\text{Out[17]} = \frac{2 n n (C_1 - 8 z_1) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_1 + 2 z_1) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{2 n n (C_2 - 8 z_2) g_2[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_2 + 2 z_2) g_2[k]}{5 n_0}$$

As a function of T and its derivatives

In[18]:= **entot = en1 + en2 + en3 + en4**

$$\text{Out[18]} = \frac{2 A (n n - n n x_0 + n p (2 + x_0))}{3 n_0} + \frac{2 n n (C_i - 8 z_i) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_i + 2 z_i) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{(6 C_i - 8 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_n[k] g[k] dk + 4 (C_i + 2 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_p[k] g[k] dk}{5 n_0 \pi^2} + \frac{4 B (n n + n p) (8 B p n_0 T[n n, n p]^2 + 3 n_0^\sigma (n n + n p)^3 T^{(1,0)}[n n, n p])}{(3 n_0^\sigma (n n + n p)^2 + 4 B p n_0 T[n n, n p])^2}$$

In[19]:= **entotboth = en1 + en2 + en3 + en4both**

$$\text{Out[19]} = \frac{2 A (n n - n n x_0 + n p (2 + x_0))}{3 n_0} + \frac{2 n n (C_1 - 8 z_1) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_1 + 2 z_1) g[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{2 n n (C_2 - 8 z_2) g_2[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{4 (n n + n p) (C_2 + 2 z_2) g_2[k]}{5 n_0} + \frac{(6 C_i - 8 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_n[k] g[k] dk + 4 (C_i + 2 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_p[k] g[k] dk}{5 n_0 \pi^2} + \frac{4 B (n n + n p) (8 B p n_0 T[n n, n p]^2 + 3 n_0^\sigma (n n + n p)^3 T^{(1,0)}[n n, n p])}{(3 n_0^\sigma (n n + n p)^2 + 4 B p n_0 T[n n, n p])^2}$$

In[20]:= **entot2 = entot /. T[nn, np] → Teq /. T<sup>(1,0)</sup>[nn, np] → dTdnn**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[20]} = & \frac{2 A (nn - nn x0 + np (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \left( 4 B (nn + np) \right. \\ & \left. \left( 8 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-2+2\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} n0^\sigma (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-nn^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + np^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma)) \right) \right) / \\ & \left( 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \frac{2 nn (Ci - 8 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{(6 Ci - 8 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

In[21]:= **entot2both = entotboth /. T[nn, np] → Teq /. T<sup>(1,0)</sup>[nn, np] → dTdnn**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[21]} = & \frac{2 A (nn - nn x0 + np (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \left( 4 B (nn + np) \right. \\ & \left. \left( 8 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-2+2\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} n0^\sigma (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-nn^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + np^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma)) \right) \right) / \\ & \left( 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \frac{2 nn (C1 - 8 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{2 nn (C2 - 8 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{4 (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{(6 Ci - 8 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

In[22]:= **Simplify[entot2]**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[22]} = & \frac{2 A (nn - nn x0 + np (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \left( 4 B (nn + np) \right. \\ & \left. \left( 2 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-2+2\sigma} (nn^2 (-1 + x3) + np^2 (-1 + x3) - 2 nn np (2 + x3))^2 + \frac{3}{2} n0^\sigma (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-nn^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + np^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma)) \right) \right) / \\ & \left( 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 - 2 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} (nn^2 (-1 + x3) + np^2 (-1 + x3) - 2 nn np (2 + x3))^2 + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{2 nn (Ci - 8 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{(6 Ci - 8 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Now the proton part:

In[23]:= **ep1 = Simplify[D[εA, np]]**

$$\text{Out[23]} = \frac{2 A (np - np x0 + nn (2 + x0))}{3 n0}$$

In[24]:= **ep2 = Simplify[D[εB, np]]**

$$\text{Out[24]} = \frac{4 B (nn + np) (8 Bp n0 T[nn, np]^2 + 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^3 T^{(0,1)}[nn, np])}{(3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 T[nn, np])^2}$$

In[25]:= **dTdnp = Simplify[D[Teq, np]]**

$$\text{Out[25]} = \frac{1}{2} (nn + np)^{-2+\sigma} (-np^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + nn^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma))$$

In[26]:= **ep3 = Simplify[D[εC, np]]**

$$\text{Out[26]} = \frac{4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 2 (3 Ci - 4 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2}$$

Now the distribution function part:

In[27]:= **ep4 = 4 (Ci + 2 zi) n / 5 / n0 g[k] + 2 (Ci - 8 zi) / 5 / n0 np g[k] /. n → nn + np**

$$\text{Out[27]} = \frac{2 np (Ci - 8 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) g[k]}{5 n0}$$

In[28]:= **ep4both = (ep4 /. Ci → C1 /. zi → z1) + (ep4 /. Ci → C2 /. zi → z2 /. g[k] → g2[k])**

$$\text{Out[28]} = \frac{2 np (C1 - 8 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{2 np (C2 - 8 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0}$$

As a function of T and its derivatives

In[29]:= **eptot = ep1 + ep2 + ep3 + ep4**

$$\text{Out[29]} = \frac{2 A (np - np x0 + nn (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \frac{2 np (Ci - 8 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 2 (3 Ci - 4 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} + \frac{4 B (nn + np) (8 Bp n0 T[nn, np]^2 + 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^3 T^{(0,1)}[nn, np])}{(3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 T[nn, np])^2}$$

In[30]:= **eptotboth = ep1 + ep2 + ep3 + ep4both**

$$\text{Out[30]} = \frac{2 A (np - np x0 + nn (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \frac{2 np (C1 - 8 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{2 np (C2 - 8 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 2 (3 Ci - 4 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} + \frac{4 B (nn + np) (8 Bp n0 T[nn, np]^2 + 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^3 T^{(0,1)}[nn, np])}{(3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 T[nn, np])^2}$$

In[31]:= eptot2 = eptot /. T[nn, np] → Teq /. T<sup>(0,1)</sup>[nn, np] → dTdnp

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out}[31]= & \frac{2 A (np - np x0 + nn (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \left( 4 B (nn + np) \right. \\ & \left. \left( 8 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-2+2\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} n0^\sigma (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-np^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + nn^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma)) \right) \right) / \\ & \left( 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \frac{2 np (Ci - 8 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (Ci + 2 zi) g[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 2 (3 Ci - 4 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

In[32]:= eptot2both = eptotboth /. T[nn, np] → Teq /. T<sup>(0,1)</sup>[nn, np] → dTdnp

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out}[32]= & \frac{2 A (np - np x0 + nn (2 + x0))}{3 n0} + \left( 4 B (nn + np) \right. \\ & \left. \left( 8 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-2+2\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} n0^\sigma (nn + np)^{1+\sigma} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-np^2 (-1 + x3) (1 + \sigma) + nn^2 (3 - x3 (-3 + \sigma) + \sigma) + 2 nn np (1 + x3 (-1 + \sigma) + 2 \sigma)) \right) \right) / \\ & \left( 3 n0^\sigma (nn + np)^2 + 4 Bp n0 (nn + np)^{-1+\sigma} \left( (nn + np)^2 \left( 1 + \frac{x3}{2} \right) - (nn^2 + np^2) \left( \frac{1}{2} + x3 \right) \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \frac{2 np (C1 - 8 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \frac{4 (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1) g[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{2 np (C2 - 8 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{4 (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2) g2[k]}{5 n0} + \\ & \frac{4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 2 (3 Ci - 4 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

■ Now express in terms of  $\beta$  to compare with Eq. 71 of Bombaci01 (in the case of BGBD and  $Bp == 0$ ):

In[33]:= npsols = Solve[{(nn - np) / n ==  $\beta$ , n == nn + np}, {nn, np}][[1]]

$$\text{Out}[33]= \left\{ nn \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} (-n - n \beta), np \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} n (-1 + \beta) \right\}$$

In[34]:= entot $\beta$  = Simplify[entot2 /. npsols[[1]] /. npsols[[2]] /. n → u n0 /. B → Bpp / (1 +  $\sigma$ )]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out}[34]= & -\frac{1}{3} A u (-3 + \beta + 2 x0 \beta) + (Bpp u (n0 u)^\sigma \\ & \left( 2 Bp (n0 u)^\sigma (-3 + (1 + 2 x3) \beta^2)^2 - 3 n0^\sigma u ((2 + 4 x3) \beta + (1 + 2 x3) \beta^2 (-1 + \sigma) - 3 (1 + \sigma)) \right) / \\ & \left( (-3 n0^\sigma u + Bp (n0 u)^\sigma (-3 + (1 + 2 x3) \beta^2))^2 (1 + \sigma) \right) + \frac{4}{5} u (Ci + 2 zi) g[k] + \\ & \frac{1}{5} u (Ci - 8 zi) (1 + \beta) g[k] + \frac{(6 Ci - 8 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fn[k] g[k] dk + 4 (Ci + 2 zi) \int_0^\infty k^2 fp[k] g[k] dk}{5 n0 \pi^2} \end{aligned}$$

The term involving A:

In[35]:= Expand[entot $\beta$  /. B  $\rightarrow$  0 /. Bpp  $\rightarrow$  0 /. Ci  $\rightarrow$  0 /. zi  $\rightarrow$  0]

$$\text{Out}[35]= A u - \frac{A u \beta}{3} - \frac{2}{3} A u x_0 \beta$$

The term involving Bpp:

In[36]:= tmp = Simplify[entot $\beta$  /. A  $\rightarrow$  0 /. Ci  $\rightarrow$  0 /. zi  $\rightarrow$  0 /. Bp  $\rightarrow$  0, n0 > 0]

$$\text{Out}[36]= -\frac{\text{Bpp } u^\sigma ((2 + 4 x_3) \beta + (1 + 2 x_3) \beta^2 (-1 + \sigma) - 3 (1 + \sigma))}{3 (1 + \sigma)}$$

In[37]:= Simplify[SeriesCoefficient[Series[tmp, { $\beta$ , 0, 3}], 0]]

$$\text{Out}[37]= \text{Bpp } u^\sigma$$

In[38]:= Simplify[SeriesCoefficient[Series[tmp, { $\beta$ , 0, 3}], 1]]  $\beta$

$$\text{Out}[38]= -\frac{2 \text{Bpp } u^\sigma (1 + 2 x_3) \beta}{3 (1 + \sigma)}$$

In[39]:= Simplify[SeriesCoefficient[Series[tmp, { $\beta$ , 0, 3}], 2]]  $\beta^2$

$$\text{Out}[39]= -\frac{\text{Bpp } u^\sigma (1 + 2 x_3) \beta^2 (-1 + \sigma)}{3 (1 + \sigma)}$$

The terms involving Ci and zi:

In[40]:= entot $\beta$  /. A  $\rightarrow$  0 /. Bpp  $\rightarrow$  0 /. B  $\rightarrow$  0

$$\text{Out}[40]= \frac{4}{5} u (C_i + 2 z_i) g[k] + \frac{1}{5} u (C_i - 8 z_i) (1 + \beta) g[k] + \frac{(6 C_i - 8 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_n[k] g[k] dk + 4 (C_i + 2 z_i) \int_0^\infty k^2 f_p[k] g[k] dk}{5 n_0 \pi^2}$$

### ■ Now for the Das03 potential energy density:

In[41]:= end1 = D[ $\epsilon_{2AB}$ , nn]

$$\text{Out}[41]= \frac{A_1 n_n}{n_0} + \frac{A u n_p}{n_0} + B n_0^{-\sigma} (n_n + n_p)^\sigma \left( 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{2 n_p}{n_n + n_p} \right)^2 x \right) - \frac{4 B n_0^{-\sigma} n_p (n_n + n_p)^{-1+\sigma} \left( 1 - \frac{2 n_p}{n_n + n_p} \right) x}{1 + \sigma}$$

Compare with Eq. 3.3:

In[42]:= Simplify[  
end1 - (Au np / n0 + A1 nn / n0 + B (n / n0) $^\sigma$  (1 - x  $\delta^2$ ) - x B / ( $\sigma$  + 1) n $^{\sigma+1}$  / n0 $^\sigma$  (4  $\delta$  np / n $^2$ ) / .  
 $\delta \rightarrow 1 - 2 np / (nn + np)$ ) /. n  $\rightarrow$  nn + np, { $\sigma > 0$ , n0 > 0}]

$$\text{Out}[42]= 0$$

For the terms involving integrals, we just copy the result:

$$\text{In}[43] := \text{mintg} = 2 / (2 \pi)^3 \pi \Lambda^3 ((\text{pft}^2 + \Lambda^2 - \text{p}^2) / 2 / \text{p} / \Lambda \text{Log}[(\text{p} + \text{pft})^2 + \Lambda^2] / ((\text{p} - \text{pft})^2 + \Lambda^2)) + 2 \text{pft} / \Lambda - 2 (\text{ArcTan}[(\text{p} + \text{pft}) / \Lambda] - \text{ArcTan}[(\text{p} - \text{pft}) / \Lambda])$$

$$\text{Out}[43] = \frac{\Lambda^3 \left( \frac{2 \text{pft}}{\Lambda} - 2 (-\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{p}-\text{pft}}{\Lambda}] + \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{p}+\text{pft}}{\Lambda}]) + \frac{(-\text{p}^2 + \text{pft}^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}[\frac{(\text{p}+\text{pft})^2 + \Lambda^2}{(\text{p}-\text{pft})^2 + \Lambda^2}]}{2 \text{p} \Lambda} \right)}{4 \pi^2}$$

$$\text{In}[44] := \text{end2} = \text{Simplify}[2 \text{Cl} / \text{n0} \text{mintg} /. \text{pft} \rightarrow \text{kfn} /. \text{pftp} \rightarrow \text{kfn}] + \text{Simplify}[2 \text{Cu} / \text{n0} \text{mintg} /. \text{pft} \rightarrow \text{kfn} /. \text{pftp} \rightarrow \text{kfp}]$$

$$\text{Out}[44] = \frac{1}{2 \text{n0} \pi^2} \left( \text{Cl} \Lambda^3 \left( \frac{2 \text{kfn}}{\Lambda} - 2 \left( \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfn}-\text{p}}{\Lambda}] + \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfn}+\text{p}}{\Lambda}] \right) + \frac{(\text{kfn}^2 - \text{p}^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}[\frac{(\text{kfn}+\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}{(\text{kfn}-\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}]}{2 \text{p} \Lambda} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2 \text{n0} \pi^2} \left( \text{Cu} \Lambda^3 \left( \frac{2 \text{kfn}}{\Lambda} - 2 \left( \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfn}-\text{p}}{\Lambda}] + \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfn}+\text{p}}{\Lambda}] \right) + \frac{(\text{kfn}^2 - \text{p}^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}[\frac{(\text{kfn}+\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}{(\text{kfn}-\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}]}{2 \text{p} \Lambda} \right) \right)$$

$$\text{In}[45] := \text{epd1} = \text{D}[\epsilon 2\text{AB}, \text{np}]$$

$$\text{Out}[45] = \frac{\text{Au} \text{nn}}{\text{n0}} + \frac{\text{Al} \text{np}}{\text{n0}} + \text{B} \text{n0}^{-\sigma} (\text{nn} + \text{np})^\sigma \left( 1 - \left( 1 - \frac{2 \text{np}}{\text{nn} + \text{np}} \right)^2 \text{x} \right) - \frac{2 \text{B} \text{n0}^{-\sigma} (\text{nn} + \text{np})^{1+\sigma} \left( \frac{2 \text{np}}{(\text{nn} + \text{np})^2} - \frac{2}{\text{nn} + \text{np}} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{2 \text{np}}{\text{nn} + \text{np}} \right) \text{x}}{1 + \sigma}$$

$$\text{In}[46] := \text{epd2} = \text{Simplify}[2 \text{Cl} / \text{n0} \text{mintg} /. \text{pft} \rightarrow \text{kfp} /. \text{pftp} \rightarrow \text{kfp}] + \text{Simplify}[2 \text{Cu} / \text{n0} \text{mintg} /. \text{pft} \rightarrow \text{kfp} /. \text{pftp} \rightarrow \text{kfn}]$$

$$\text{Out}[46] = \frac{1}{2 \text{n0} \pi^2} \left( \text{Cl} \Lambda^3 \left( \frac{2 \text{kfp}}{\Lambda} - 2 \left( \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfp}-\text{p}}{\Lambda}] + \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfp}+\text{p}}{\Lambda}] \right) + \frac{(\text{kfp}^2 - \text{p}^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}[\frac{(\text{kfp}+\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}{(\text{kfp}-\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}]}{2 \text{p} \Lambda} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2 \text{n0} \pi^2} \left( \text{Cu} \Lambda^3 \left( \frac{2 \text{kfp}}{\Lambda} - 2 \left( \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfp}-\text{p}}{\Lambda}] + \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{kfp}+\text{p}}{\Lambda}] \right) + \frac{(\text{kfp}^2 - \text{p}^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}[\frac{(\text{kfp}+\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}{(\text{kfp}-\text{p})^2 + \Lambda^2}]}{2 \text{p} \Lambda} \right) \right)$$

■ Now the effective masses are given by:

$$\text{In}[47] := \text{mistar} / \text{m} == (\text{m} / \text{k} \text{den} / \text{dk})^{-1}$$

$$\text{Out}[47] = \frac{\text{mistar}}{\text{m}} == \frac{\text{dk} \text{k}}{\text{den} \text{m}}$$

$$\text{In}[48] := \text{msom1} = \text{Simplify}[\text{m} \text{D}[\text{entot2}, \text{k}] / \text{k} /. \text{npsols}[[1]] /. \text{npsols}[[2]]]$$

$$\text{Out}[48] = \frac{\text{m} \text{n} (-8 \text{zi} \beta + \text{Ci} (5 + \beta)) \text{g}'[\text{k}]}{5 \text{k} \text{n0}}$$

Compare with Eq. 80 for the neutron effective mass in the case of the BGBD eos:

In[49]:= `msom1 /. g'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. k -> kfn /. npsols[[1]] /. npsols[[2]] /. n -> un0`

$$\text{Out[49]} = -\frac{2 m u (-8 z_1 \beta + C_1 (5 + \beta))}{5 \left(1 + \frac{kfn^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2 \Lambda^2}$$

Use eq. 9 from Bombaci01:

In[50]:= `Simplify[kfn^2 /. kfn -> (3 \pi^2 / 2 (1 + \beta) n)^{1/3} /. n -> un0 /. n0 -> 2 kf0^3 / 3 / \pi^2, {\beta > 1}]`

$$\text{Out[50]} = (kf0^3 u (1 + \beta))^{2/3}$$

Examine the effective masses in general for all forms for g[k].

These are  $(m^*/m)^{-1} - 1$ :

BGBD:

In[51]:= `{Simplify[m D[entot2, k] / k /. g[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. k -> kfn, Simplify[m D[eptot2, k] / k /. g[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. k -> kfp}]`

$$\text{Out[51]} = \left\{ -\frac{4 m (3 C_1 n n + 2 C_1 n p - 4 n n z_1 + 4 n p z_1) \Lambda^2}{5 n_0 (kfn^2 + \Lambda^2)^2}, -\frac{4 m (2 C_1 n n + 3 C_1 n p + 4 n n z_1 - 4 n p z_1) \Lambda^2}{5 n_0 (kfp^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} \right\}$$

Skyrme:

In[52]:= `{Simplify[m D[entot2, k] / k /. g[k] -> k^2 /. g'[k] -> 2 k], Simplify[m D[eptot2, k] / k /. g[k] -> k^2 /. g'[k] -> 2 k]}`

$$\text{Out[52]} = \left\{ \frac{4 m (3 C_1 n n + 2 C_1 n p - 4 n n z_1 + 4 n p z_1)}{5 n_0}, \frac{4 m (2 C_1 n n + 3 C_1 n p + 4 n n z_1 - 4 n p z_1)}{5 n_0} \right\}$$

BPAL:

In[53]:= `{Simplify[m D[entot2both, k] / k /. g[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. g2[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g2'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. k -> kfn, Simplify[m D[eptot2both, k] / k /. g[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. g2[k] -> (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} /. g2'[k] -> D[(1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}, k] /. k -> kfp}]`

$$\text{Out[53]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{5 n_0} \left( 4 m \left( -\frac{nn (C_1 - 8 z_1) \Lambda^2}{(kfn^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{2 (nn + np) (C_1 + 2 z_1) \Lambda^2}{(kfn^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{nn (C_2 - 8 z_2) \Lambda^2}{(kfn^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{2 (nn + np) (C_2 + 2 z_2) \Lambda^2}{(kfn^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} \right) \right), \frac{1}{5 n_0} \left( 4 m \left( -\frac{np (C_1 - 8 z_1) \Lambda^2}{(kfp^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{2 (nn + np) (C_1 + 2 z_1) \Lambda^2}{(kfp^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{np (C_2 - 8 z_2) \Lambda^2}{(kfp^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} - \frac{2 (nn + np) (C_2 + 2 z_2) \Lambda^2}{(kfp^2 + \Lambda^2)^2} \right) \right) \right\}$$

SL:

In[54]:= **slmt** = {**m D[entot2both, k] / k /. g[k] → (1 - k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>) /. g'[k] → D[(1 - k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>), k] /. g2[k] → (1 + k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup> /. g2'[k] → D[(1 + k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup>, k] /. k → kfn, m D[eptot2both, k] / k /. g[k] → (1 - k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>) /. g'[k] → D[(1 - k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>), k] /. g2[k] → (1 + k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup> /. g2'[k] → D[(1 + k<sup>2</sup> / Λ<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup>, k] /. k → kfp}**

Out[54]= 
$$\left\{ \frac{1}{kfn} \left( m \left( -\frac{4 kfn nn (C1 - 8 z1)}{5 n0 \Lambda^2} - \frac{8 kfn (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1)}{5 n0 \Lambda^2} - \frac{4 kfn nn (C2 - 8 z2)}{5 n0 \left(1 + \frac{kfn^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2 \Lambda^2} - \frac{8 kfn (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2)}{5 n0 \left(1 + \frac{kfn^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2 \Lambda^2} \right) \right), \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{kfp} \left( m \left( -\frac{4 kfp np (C1 - 8 z1)}{5 n0 \Lambda^2} - \frac{8 kfp (nn + np) (C1 + 2 z1)}{5 n0 \Lambda^2} - \frac{4 kfp np (C2 - 8 z2)}{5 n0 \left(1 + \frac{kfp^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2 \Lambda^2} - \frac{8 kfp (nn + np) (C2 + 2 z2)}{5 n0 \left(1 + \frac{kfp^2}{\Lambda^2}\right)^2 \Lambda^2} \right) \right) \right\}$$

### ■ The effective masses for the Das03 potential:

Only the momentum-dependent part of the interaction contributes.

Again, we calculate  $(m^*/m)^{-1} - 1$ .

In[55]:= **Simplify[m D[ (end2 /. p → k), k] / k /. k → kfn]**

Out[55]= 
$$-\frac{(C1 + Cu) m \Lambda^2 \left( -4 kfn^2 + (2 kfn^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 kfn^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right)}{4 kfn^3 n0 \pi^2}$$

In[56]:= **Simplify[m D[ (epd2 /. p → k), k] / k /. k → kfp]**

Out[56]= 
$$-\frac{(C1 + Cu) m \Lambda^2 \left( -4 kfp^2 + (2 kfp^2 + \Lambda^2) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{4 kfp^2}{\Lambda^2}\right] \right)}{4 kfp^3 n0 \pi^2}$$

### ■ The effective mass for the form "gbd\_form":

In[57]:= **gin** =  $\Lambda^2 / \pi^2$  (kfn -  $\Lambda$  ArcTan[kfn /  $\Lambda$ ])

Out[57]= 
$$\frac{\Lambda^2 (kfn - \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{kfn}{\Lambda}\right])}{\pi^2}$$

In[58]:= **gip** =  $\Lambda^2 / \pi^2$  (kfp -  $\Lambda$  ArcTan[kfp /  $\Lambda$ ])

Out[58]= 
$$\frac{\Lambda^2 (kfp - \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{kfp}{\Lambda}\right])}{\pi^2}$$

In[59]:= **in** = **Simplify**[ $2 / (2 \pi)^3$   $4 \pi$  **Integrate**[ $k^2 (1 + k^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1}$ , {k, 0, kf}], {kf > 0,  $\Lambda$  > 0}]

Out[59]= 
$$\frac{\Lambda^2 (kf - \Lambda \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{kf}{\Lambda}\right])}{\pi^2}$$

In[60]:= **ex** = **C1** (nn gn + np gp) / rho0 + **Cu** (nn gp + np gn) / rho0

Out[60]= 
$$\frac{Cu (gp nn + gn np)}{rho0} + \frac{C1 (gn nn + gp np)}{rho0}$$

A hack to calculate the single particle potential

$$\text{In}[61]:= \text{gbdpotn} = \text{D}[\epsilon \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{nn}] + \left( \epsilon \mathbf{x} / . \mathbf{gp} \rightarrow 0 / . \mathbf{gn} \rightarrow (1 + \mathbf{k}^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} \right)$$

$$\text{Out}[61]= \frac{\text{Cl gn}}{\text{rho0}} + \frac{\text{Cu gp}}{\text{rho0}} + \frac{\text{Cl nn}}{\text{rho0} (1 + \frac{\mathbf{k}^2}{\Lambda^2})} + \frac{\text{Cu np}}{\text{rho0} (1 + \frac{\mathbf{k}^2}{\Lambda^2})}$$

$$\text{In}[62]:= \text{gbdpotp} = \text{D}[\epsilon \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{np}] + \left( \epsilon \mathbf{x} / . \mathbf{gn} \rightarrow 0 / . \mathbf{gp} \rightarrow (1 + \mathbf{k}^2 / \Lambda^2)^{-1} \right)$$

$$\text{Out}[62]= \frac{\text{Cu gn}}{\text{rho0}} + \frac{\text{Cl gp}}{\text{rho0}} + \frac{\text{Cu nn}}{\text{rho0} (1 + \frac{\mathbf{k}^2}{\Lambda^2})} + \frac{\text{Cl np}}{\text{rho0} (1 + \frac{\mathbf{k}^2}{\Lambda^2})}$$

$$(m^*/m)^{-1} - 1.$$

$$\text{In}[63]:= \text{Simplify}[\text{m D}[\text{gbdpotn}, \mathbf{k}] / \mathbf{k} / . \mathbf{k} \rightarrow \mathbf{kfn}]$$

$$\text{Out}[63]= -\frac{2 \text{m} (\text{Cl nn} + \text{Cu np}) \Lambda^2}{\text{rho0} (\mathbf{kfn}^2 + \Lambda^2)^2}$$

$$\text{In}[64]:= \text{Simplify}[\text{m D}[\text{gbdpotp}, \mathbf{k}] / \mathbf{k} / . \mathbf{k} \rightarrow \mathbf{kfp}]$$

$$\text{Out}[64]= -\frac{2 \text{m} (\text{Cu nn} + \text{Cl np}) \Lambda^2}{\text{rho0} (\mathbf{kfp}^2 + \Lambda^2)^2}$$